

QUESTION 1 Complete:

- a If $\log_a x = c$ then $x =$ _____
- b $\log_a xy = \log_a x +$ _____
- c $\log_a \frac{x}{y}$ _____
- d $\log_a a =$ _____
- e $\log_a 1 =$ _____
- f $\log_a x^n =$ _____

QUESTION 2 Express as an integer:

- a $\log_3 27$ _____
- b $\log_2 32$ _____
- c $\log_5 5$ _____
- d $\log_7 1$ _____
- e $\log_6 36$ _____
- f $\log_{10} 100\ 000$ _____
- g $\log_7 343$ _____
- h $\log_2 256$ _____

1 Write each expression in logarithmic form.

a $9 = 3^2$ b $8 = 2^3$ c $6^2 = 36$ d $2^5 = 32$

e $8^1 = 8$ f $5^0 = 1$ g $64 = 4^3$ h $3^5 = 243$

i $5^{-1} = \frac{1}{5}$ j $2^{-2} = \frac{1}{4}$ k $\sqrt{3} = 3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ l $\sqrt[3]{7} = 7^{\frac{1}{3}}$

m $9^{\frac{3}{2}} = 27$ n $\sqrt[5]{8} = 2^{\frac{3}{5}}$ o $144^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{12}$ p $16^{-\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{1}{8}$

2 Write each expression in index form.

a $\log_5 25 = 2$ b $\log_2 16 = 4$ c $\log_7 7 = 1$ d $\log_2 8 = 3$

e $\log_3 81 = 4$ f $\log_{10} 100 = 2$ g $\log_2 32 = 5$ h $\log_6 1 = 0$

$$\mathbf{i} \quad \log_3 243 = 5 \quad \mathbf{j} \quad \log_2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = -1 \quad \mathbf{k} \quad \log_3 \left(\frac{1}{9} \right) = -2 \quad \mathbf{l} \quad \log_4 2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} \quad \log_{27} 3 = \frac{1}{3} \quad \mathbf{n} \quad \log_5 \sqrt{5} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \mathbf{o} \quad \log_8 4 = \frac{2}{3} \quad \mathbf{p} \quad \log_{1000} \left(\frac{1}{100} \right) = -\frac{2}{3}$$

3 Evaluate:

$$\mathbf{a} \quad \log_{10} 10$$

$$\mathbf{b} \quad \log_4 16$$

$$\mathbf{c} \quad \log_3 27$$

$$\mathbf{d} \quad \log_2 32$$

$$\mathbf{e} \quad \log_9 1$$

$$\mathbf{f} \quad \log_{10} 1000$$

$$\mathbf{g} \quad \log_6 36$$

$$\mathbf{h} \quad \log_3 81$$

$$\mathbf{i} \quad \log_2 \sqrt{2}$$

$$\mathbf{j} \quad \log_8 2$$

$$\mathbf{k} \quad \log_4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$\mathbf{l} \quad \log_3 \left(\frac{1}{9} \right)$$

5 Solve for x .

$$\mathbf{a} \quad \log_x 8 = 3$$

$$\mathbf{b} \quad \log_x 9 = 2$$

$$\mathbf{c} \quad \log_x 13 = 1$$

$$\mathbf{d} \quad \log_x 64 = 6$$

$$\mathbf{e} \quad \log_x 121 = 2$$

$$\mathbf{f} \quad \log_x 64 = 3$$

$$\mathbf{g} \quad \log_x 243 = 5$$

$$\mathbf{h} \quad \log_x 10\,000 = 4$$

$$\mathbf{i} \quad \log_x \left(\frac{1}{5} \right) = -1 \quad \mathbf{j} \quad \log_x \left(\frac{1}{36} \right) = -2 \quad \mathbf{k} \quad \log_x \left(\frac{1}{16} \right) = -4 \quad \mathbf{l} \quad \log_x \sqrt{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} \quad \log_x 2 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\mathbf{n} \quad \log_x 4 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\mathbf{o} \quad \log_x 27 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\mathbf{p} \quad \log_x 64 = \frac{6}{5}$$

2 Write the missing numbers.

a $\log_2 \square = 1$

b $\log_3 \square = 0$

c $\log_{\square} 32 = 5$

d $\log_a 2 + \log_a \square = \log_a 8$

e $\log_a 36 - \log_a \square = \log_a 3$

f $\square \log_a 5 = \log_a 5^3$

g $\log_a 3^4 = \square \log_a 3$

h $\log_a \frac{1}{7} = \log_a 7^{\square}$

i $\square \log_a 3 = \log_a \frac{1}{3}$

4 Simplify:

a $\log_a 3 + \log_a 2$

b $\log_a 5 + \log_a 3$

c $\log_a 7 + \log_a 4$

d $\log_b 6 + \log_b 3$

e $\log_b 15 + \log_b 1$

f $\log_b 1 + \log_b 17$

a $\log_a 10 - \log_a 5$

b $\log_a 36 - \log_a 12$

c $\log_a 100 - \log_a 10$

d $\log_b 28 - \log_b 14$

e $\log_b 3 - \log_b 2$

f $\log_b 7 - \log_b 5$

1 Evaluate each of the following using the logarithm laws.

a $\log_{12} 3 + \log_{12} 4$

b $\log_3 15 - \log_3 5$

c $\log_6 12 + \log_6 3$

d $\log_2 48 - \log_2 6$

e $\log_2 80 - \log_2 5$

f $\log_7 2 + \log_7 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

g $\log_4 36 - 2 \log_4 3$

h $3 \log_{10} 5 + \log_{10} 8$

i $\log_{100} 40 - \log_{100} 4$

j $\log_2 5 - \log_2 40$

k $4 \log_8 2 + \frac{1}{2} \log_8 16$

l $2 \log_{10} 5 - \log_{10} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)$

9 If $\log_a 5 = 1.16$ and $\log_a 10 = 1.66$, evaluate:

a $\log_a 5a$

b $\log_a \left(\frac{10}{a} \right)$

c $\log_a \left(\frac{a}{5} \right)$

d $\log_a 25a$

e $\log_a 10a^2$

f $\log_a 125a^3$

g $\log_a a\sqrt{5}$

h $\log_a \sqrt{5a}$

i $\log_a \left(\frac{a^2}{10} \right)$

j $\log_a 2a$

k $\log_a \left(\frac{a}{2} \right)$

l $\log_a \left(\frac{1}{2a} \right)$

6 Solve $\log_5[\log_5(\log_5 x)] = 0$.